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From Thursday June 30. to Saturday July 2. 1709.

From the Camp at Cancan, *between* Elvas *and the* Guadiana, June 27. *N. S.*

THE Enemy continues the Blockade of Olivença, part of their Forces being encamped before that Place, and part at Thelene; but beſides that they have found Means to ſupply the Town for fifty Days, the Seaſon is ſo far advanced, that they cannot lye much longer before it, but both Armies will be obliged to march into Summer Quarters within few Days. On the ſeventeenth Inſtant the Marquis de Fronteira, General of the Portugueze Army, detached three Regiments of Horſe and two of Foot to Surprize Alcantara, being adviſed that there were but a few Troops, and thoſe of the Militia, in Garriſon; but this Detachment, upon receiving freſh Intelligence, made a Halt near that Place, and we are as yet unacquainted with the Succeſs of this Attempt. Deſerters report that the Enemy deſigned to ſend a Reinforcement of Horſe and Foot to the Army on the Frontiers of Catalonia.

Genoa, June 16. *N. S.* Mr. Chetwynd, the Britiſh Miniſter reſiding in this Republick, went laſt Week for Vado, in order to embark the Troops deſigned for Catalonia, and Sir Edward Whitaker ſailed with them on Friday. Fourteen hundred Men were ſhipped off for the German Regiments; and the Spaniſh Envoy, who accompanied Mr. Chetwynd, embarked eight hundred for the Italians; the whole conſiſted of two thouſand two hundred Men. By an Engliſh Galley arrived lately at Leghorne we have Advice, that Sir John Jennings was ſeen off of Ivica ten Days ago, with ſeventeen Sail of Men of War, the Victuallers and Storeſhips from Lisbon, bound for Port Mahon; which in all probability muſt be at this time arrived there. The Duke d'Uzeda, who was the Duke of Anjou's Ambaſſador to the Court of Rome, arrived here yeſterday Morning; and having taken a Houſe, it is believed he may ſtay ſome time at this Place.

Vienna June 19. *N. S.* General Pflug and ſome other Muſcovite Officers are lately arrived here from the Muſcovite Army in Ukrania. It is about two Months ſince they came from thence; they ſay, that according to the Report of the Swediſh Priſoners and Coſſack Deſerters, the King of Sweden's Army was at that time about four and twenty thouſand ſtrong. General Pflug having had Audience of the Emperor, is gone to execute his Commiſſion at the Court of Dreſden. The Inhabitants of Moravia have ſignified to this Court their Fears of an Irruption from the Hungarians; there being but few Troops left in thoſe Parts to cover their Frontiers. The Duke of Wirtemberg arrived here two Days ago.

Berne, June 29. *N. S.* Repeated Advices from Geneva give an Account of Inſurrections in the Vivarez and in the Cevennes. Theſe Letters add, that the Duke of Roquelaure, with the Intendant of Languedoc, was gone towards Uſez with two Regiments of Dragoons, and two Battalions, in order either to fall upon theſe Malecontents, or to hinder their Communication with thoſe of the Vivarez. Seventy Perſons of an Aſſembly that was held near Nimes for their Devotion, have been ſeized, the Men are condemned to the Galleys, the old Women Impriſoned, and the young Tranſported to the Iſle of St. Marguerite. An Order has been likewiſe publiſhed to fire upon all ſuch as ſhall aſſemble for the future.

Hamburg, July 5. *N. S.* According to the laſt Advices from Saxony, his Daniſh Majeſty, accompanied by King Auguſtus, left Dreſden on the twenty ninth paſt in the Morning, having been ſaluted at his Departure by a triple Diſcharge of the Artillery. Both the Kings will, it is ſaid, after a ſhort ſtay at Potſdam, come this way, to review ſome Daniſh Troops that are to reinforce thoſe coming from Hungary. The Day before King Auguſtus ſet out, a Perſon of Diſtinction arrived at Dreſden from Poland, and had a long Audience of both their Majeſties which cauſed ſome new Diſcourſes of an intended Expedition, the Saxon Officers having all received Orders to have their Troops compleated before the latter end of this Month, and to be in a readineſs to March upon the firſt Orders. We hear from Riga, that a Muſcovite Body of twelve thouſand Men, with a good Train of Artillery, was marching directly towards Pernau, with deſign to attack that Place, wherein but a ſmall Swediſh Garriſon is left, the beſt Troops having been drawn out of all the Places in Livonia, in order to reinforce General Craſſau and King Staniſlaus. The Burghers here continue obſtinate in their Animoſities, having met twice in a ſmaller number than the Conſtitution requires, ſo that nothing could be tranſacted by them. The Britiſh Convoy, with a good number of Merchant Ships, is ſtill kept by contrary Winds upon the Elbe.

From the Camp before Tournay, July 1. *N. S.* On Friday the 28th paſt the Duke of Marlborough received an Account from the Earl of Orkney, that his Lordſhip had taken poſſeſſion of Mortagne without any Oppoſition, the Garriſon, conſiſting of near an hundred Men, having retired upon the approach of our Troops, who ſeized between that Place and St. Amand ſix large Boats laden with Hay, deſigned for the uſe of the Enemy. On Saturday the Governor of Tournay gave Orders for burning the Suburbs, which were executed that Evening, to prevent our Mens taking the Advantage of them in their Approaches. The Troops appointed to form the Siege being thirty Battalions and as many Squadrons for each ſide the Schelde, are marched to their reſpective Ground as near the Place as may be; and the diſpoſition is making for three Attacks, one on each ſide the River againſt the Town, and the third againſt the Citadel; each Attack is to be commanded by a General of the Foot, with three Lieutenants General, three Majors General, and four Brigadiers, and Orders are iſſued to the Magiſtrates of the neighbouring Towns and Country, to ſend hither by the third Inſtant near Fifteen thouſand Pioneers, which are to be employed in making the Lines. Two or three Bodies of the Enemies Troops, of about a thouſand Men each, have been hovering for three Days paſt about the Camp, to endeavour to throw ſome Men into the Town, but, by the Orders that were taken, have been hitherto prevented. The Prince of Friſe having left a thouſand Men under the Command of a Brigadier at St. Amand, and a Colonel with ſeven hundred Men at Mortagne, is returned with the Earl of Orkney, Monſieur Hompeſch, and the reſt of their Troops to the Camp.

From the Camp before Tournay, July 4. *N. S.* The Troops employed in the Siege of Tournay having taken their Poſts round the Place from the Caſtle of Conſtantin below the Town to Cercq, above it, (at which Places we have laid Bridges of Communication over the Schelde) the two Armies have thereupon made a ſmall Movement. That Commanded by the Prince of Savoy is encamped with the Right at Luchin, and the Left at Eſplechin; and that under the Command of the Duke of Marlborough extends from the Right near the Brook of Eſplechin, and the Left at Eſpain. The Peaſants ſummoned to make the Lines of Circumvallation have been at Work theſe two Days, and have already almoſt finiſhed thoſe on the Hainault ſide of the River, and our Troops have prepared great numbers of Faſcines and Gabions to be made uſe of in the Approaches. The heavy Artillery and Ammunition are come up the Schelde as far as Audenarde, from whence they are expected here in two or three Days. Monſieur de Villemore, a French Brigadier, with a Captain of his Regiment, were taken two Days ſince within our Lines, diſguiſed in the Habits of Peaſants, as they were endeavouring to get into the Town. The Mareſchal de Villars continues with his Army encamped near la Baſſée and Lens; from whence he hath ſent ſeveral Detachments this way, in order to watch an opportunity of throwing Men into the Town. This Af-